





SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 3 A.M.

**REGULAR MEETING.**—A regular meeting of the Louisville Association for the relief of the poor will be held on Monday afternoon, the 18th inst., at three o'clock, in the City Council Chamber. All the distributors and collectors are invited to attend to make their reports.

The members of the Executive Committee are earnestly requested to be present, as business of importance will be before the meeting.

JNO. W. CLARKE, Secretary,  
Louisville Association for the Relief of the Poor.

**NOTICE TO DISTRIBUTORS.**—The distributors for the relief of the poor in the several Wards will please call to-day (Saturday) at my store, under Mozart Hall, corner of Fourth and Jefferson, and obtain the proper blanks to be used for their orders and weekly reports.

JNO. W. CLARKE, Secretary,  
Louisville Association for the Relief of the Poor.

**ITEMS.**—The river at this point is still blocked with ice, rendering navigation between this city and Jeffersonville impossible. The ice is coming down in heavy cakes, and some danger is apprehended by those having boats at our wharf, though every precaution has been taken.

The 2d Minnesota and 8d Indians, re-enlisted veterans, passed through the city yesterday on route to Nashville.

The 9th Tennessee cavalry arrived in the city yesterday from Knoxville, on their way to Nashville. This would seem to be a round-about journey, but from what we can learn, it is the quickest route at the present time.

Twenty-four deserters were sent to different points yesterday, all heavily ironed.

One hundred and twenty-five recruits were received yesterday from Michigan, and will be forwarded to the front-to-day to join their regiments.

Five deserters were received from Indianapolis and twelve from Cincinnati. They will be sent to their regiments to-day, to be tried by court-martial, or otherwise punished, as the commanding officer may direct.

One hundred and fifty soldiers were received yesterday, and one hundred and twenty-five transferred.

An affray occurred in that portion of the city commonly termed Ireland, bordering on the canal, on Thursday night, in which a number of black eyes and other disfigurements were exchanged between the combatants.

No arrests.

Generals Hobson, Starkweather, Judah, and Kitzweller, accompanied by their staff officers, arrived in the city last evening, and put up at the Louisville Hotel.

There was only one case before the Police Court yesterday, and it was not worthy of note.

Without any disposition whatever to operate the merits of the Davenport Boys, who commence their performances at Masonic Temple on Monday night, we would state that their exhibitions in other places have created the most intense sensation, leaving their audiences amazed and bewildered by the extraordinary feats they accomplish through some scenes as yet unknown to the public. We acknowledge a great curiosity to witness their wonderful performances.

Forty-eight cases of small-box have been received at the Jeffersonville Penitentiary and four deaths. Forty cases were under treatment Thursday.

Our merchants appear to be doing a thrifty business, notwithstanding the unnavigable condition of the river. The local trade has been unusually lively since the commencement of the year.

All the ice-houses within the limits of our city are packed to their utmost capacity with a superior quality of ice. This item next summer will be considered "a big thing on ice."

A large number of volunteers from Perry and Crawford counties will arrive at Camp Noble, New Albany, as soon as the ice blockade in the Ohio river is raised.

General Grant was taking observations in Nashville at latest accounts.

The resignation of an officer high in command in this department has been currently reported during the past week.

We hear that the repairs of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad are nearly done, and that it is expected the road will be in running order through to Chattanooga by Monday next. This will facilitate the movement of troops and supplies very materially.

A great number of locomotives and cars for military railroads now being constructed in this State and others below have recently arrived, and we understand that a large number are awaiting shipment to this city, and will be forwarded as soon as navigation opens.

The funeral of our lamented young friend T. S. Palmer has been postponed until this morning at 10 o'clock, when it will take place from the residence of his mother, on Chestnut street, between Jackson and Hancock.

Pick-pockets, robbers, and highwaymen are doing a brisk business all over the country.

An accident occurred on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad yesterday, by which the cars were thrown off the track, about thirty miles east of Seymour. We did not hear the extent of the damages. The train was delayed 12 hours, and we consequently failed to receive our Eastern mail.

We would caution the saloon-keepers of our city against selling liquor to soldiers, as there is a heavy penalty imposed upon all who are found guilty of this offence, and it will be rigidly enforced. Several fatal difficulties have lately occurred from the violation of this law, and the military authorities are determined to enforce its observance. "A word to the wise" &c.

It is reported that counterfeit five-dollar notes on the Bank of the State of Indiana are in circulation, having much the appearance of the genuine—the red back and all other features.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS.**—The benefit of Mlle Zee at the Louisville Theatre was well attended last evening, and the audience were delighted, as usual, with the excellent rendition of her part. The Flying Dutchman will be presented to-night, and the performance will conclude with the laughable farce entitled, "Grafted into the Army."

The great play of The Robbers, in which Edwin Adams excels, is up for to-night at Wood's Theatre. This, perhaps, will be the last night this season our citizens will see this great tragedian, and we hope there will be a full attendance. The Wind-Mill, an amusing afterpiece, will conclude the performance.

By special request the grand Stereoscopic Exhibition will be presented to-night for the benefit of our public schools, and all parents who would treat their children to an interesting and instructive entertainment should avail themselves of this the last opportunity to witness one of the greatest works of art ever exhibited. Tickets will be sold at reduced rates when a number are purchased. We expect to see the hall crowded to-night.

**NOTICE.**—The following real estate transfers were made in this city and Jefferson county from the 12th to the 14th instant:

A. A. Gordon to John B. Smith, corner of Broadway and Third street, by lot 21 feet, \$25,000 to Jacob Campbell, 100 feet, \$15,000 to Campbell, with Campbell and Wenzer, 30 by 100 feet, \$2,000 P. S. Barber to D. White, 82 acres in Jefferson county, \$1,000 per acre, \$820.

JOHN B. HALL to Pierce Griffin, 25 acres in Jefferson county, \$1,000 per acre, \$25,000.

John B. H. Hall to C. B. Gandy, 100 feet, 24th of November, 1863, by 100 feet, Main street, between Eighth and Ninth, \$2,000.

JANUARY COURT.—Friday, January 15.—Margaret Burns charged with larceny. Verdict not guilty.

P. J. Nicholson, malicious shooting. Case set for 19th.

Bennett Marks, forgery. Case set for 19th.

The case of James Medard, charged with the murder of his father, consumed most of the day. The case will be resumed to-day.

**NOTICE.**—The resignation of Brigadier-General Thomas Thum has not been accepted. He has been ordered to this city with his troops.

**NOTICE.**—The Mysteries of Udolpho—Wolf's Aromatic Schiedam Schnaps.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.  
FRANKFORT, Jan. 15, 1864.

By the Rev. James M. Lancaster, of the Catholic church.

The journal of yesterday was read by the clerk, and Auditor to a resolution passed by the Senate on the 12th, relative to Louisville, and approved by the Senate.

Mr. B. T. Botts, and approved by the Senate.

Mr. G. O. Garthright's stave and unware establishment, and will continue the business at the old stand on Market street, between First and Second. Give them a call before making your purchases.

J. J. Landrum offered an amendment which was rejected.

Mr. L. C. Johnson moved a resolution to adjourn the session.

Mr. F. W. Clark, and approved by the Senate.

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## LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

We publish below a letter from Judge Miller, of Illinois, on the subject of preventing the ravages of the curculio on the plum or peach. The remedy proposed has been used in this vicinity for several years past, and we call upon our horticultural friends to say what success. The subject is one of great importance to all engaged in fruit culture, as the enemy is increasing every year, and not only the plum, nectarine, apricot, but the peach, apple, and pear, show the effects of his profligacy. We must try and invent some Greek fire or other remedy to stop him.

NAPLES, Italy, Dec. 14th.

ERS. PEABODY FARNUM. I enclose a letter I received from Hon. Amos Miller, of Rockford, one of our leading amateur horticulturists. If, as the Judge believes (and I think it feasible), it will prove the greatest advancement to date in the (my country) country yet made, I would say to all who have tried and desire the plum, and who does not? to try it and report results.

LEWIS ELLSWORTH.

HON. LEWIS ELLSWORTH.—My Dear Sir: You may recollect that in my essay on Plum Culture before our Horticultural Society, a few years ago, I recommended the growing of plums inland instead of along the plains when wet with dew, to prevent the ravages of the curculio.

Let me now give you a more effectual mode for applying this rule. Prepare a solution of gypsum and lime, to a half barrel of water, mix and dissolve thoroughly and apply to the branches of the trees with a large syringe or squirt-gun, till the whole tree is well whitewashed. Commence doing this on the fall of the blossoms, and as soon as "the young plums appear."

Kill the tree well coated with this wash during the few weeks in which the insects work.

The wash should be applied in dry weather, and especially after a rain; twice a week will do. A good wash can be easily prepared.

A large wooden syringe can be cheaply and easily prepared; the wash can be conveniently carried to the trees in a bucket, and very little time will be required for the operation.

Thus far the remedy has proved successful, and I hope it will be of great service.

We have a very favorable climate for growing the most luscious of fruits, as was shown by the superior specimens exhibited at our State Horticultural Society in this city the present year.

Plums, in the gardens as well as in the groves flourish well in all the regions, and if we can prevent the workings of the curculio we can have plums in abundance.

ANSON S. MILLER.

Rockford, Dec. 8, 1863.

A REMARKABLE CRANBERRY SWAMP.—Mr. Wetherell, one of the editors of the Boston Cultivator, gives the following account of the remarkable swamp of Mr. A. D. Miller, on a worthless swamp in Franklin, about 25 miles from Boston, which he visited on the 23d of November last:—Mr. W. says:

"Something like ten years since this swamp was covered over with a growth of alders, dogwood, and other brushy plants, and was otherwise useless. It was then cleared off, and covered the ground. They were cleared off, and a ditch cut through the swamp for the brook, which before ran through a very crooked channel. Ditches were then opened from the uplands on each side, which are gravelly and sandy, and about forty feet in size, and so deep that they can be filled with water, and constructed across the swamp, which covered the ground. The rebels authorities supplied an abundance of chloroform, spirits, food, and medicines, and the rebel surgeons were all unexceptional skillful and expert. And he will say, once for all, that during my entire experience in rebellion I did not receive an word from a man on a rebel officer.

The rebel surgeon and myself had to wade day and night through mud and water, and were as comfortable as the surfers had been in their element.

At the Prisoners' Hospital I found 313 of our men, 55 of whom were negroes. I never saw wounded men more injured. Of the entire number, not ten could help themselves, and there were not 50 that did not require assistance. All the men were in a state of semi-starvation, and were reduced to a mere skeleton from the time of attack till the morning of July 20. The water was exceedingly warm.

Nothing but water nor food could be obtained for them for 24 hours after injury. They had been taken from the battle-field in ambulances and carried to the city in sarcophagi, and I know that many a poor fellow died during that transfer.

The Prosser's Hospital is a brick building, formerly a neg o action mart—four stories high, and about forty feet in size, and so deep that they can be filled with water, and in spite of the rebels could do the wounds would get in a horrible state.

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At the Prisoners' Hospital I found 313 of our men, 55 of whom were negroes. I never saw wounded men more injured. Of the entire number, not ten could help themselves, and there were not 50 that did not require assistance. All the men were in a state of semi-starvation, and were reduced to a mere skeleton from the time of attack till the morning of July 20. The water was exceedingly warm.

Nothing but water nor food could be obtained for them for 24 hours after injury. They had been taken from the battle-field in ambulances and carried to the city in sarcophagi, and I know that many a poor fellow died during that transfer.

The Prosser's Hospital is a brick building, formerly a neg o action mart—four stories high, and about forty feet in size, and so deep that they can be filled with water, and in spite of the rebels could do the wounds would get in a horrible state.

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